HERE IS OUR CHANCE

BE HELD JULY 21.

National Committee Offered Inducements to Select Indianapolis as the Meeting Place.

MAJOR M'KINLEY BOOMED

THURSTON ON THE OHIOAN'S FIT-NESS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

Chicago Hotel Men Not Pleased with Promises Made to the Democratic National Committee.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 17 .- The members of the national committee of the People's party, now in the city, about seventy-five of them, assembled in the Lindell Hotel to-day, and were called to order by Chairman H. E. Taubeneck, who approunced that two hours would be devoted to hearing suggestions from delegates and others as to the time and place for holding the convention and what the wishes of the Populists in the section of the country represented by the speakers are with regard to what the platform should contain. The speeches were limited to five minutes each.

Capt. Charles A. Power, of Terre Haute, Baid the question at issue was the currency question. People care more about money than anything else, and they want an honest dollar above all. He said silver is the paramount issue, and if the Populists would confine themselves to that they would win.

Mr. Earl, of Nebraska, advocated the organization of a subscription bureau within the national committee to increase the circulation of Populist papers, and declared that if he had \$500,000 he could buy up all the leading papers and magazines of the Hubbell, of Indiana, wanted overtures made for union with the great bimetallic organon the 22d inst.

In the evening the meeting was thrown open for the presentation of claims by the representatives of various cities desiring the convention. The claims of St. Louis were ably put forward by Mr. C. H. Sampson, chairman of the convention committee of the Business Med's League, and Edward Devoy, a prominent citizen, who offered a hall seating ten thousand people, free music and \$5,600 to defray incidental expenses.

On behalf of Indianapolis Mr. I. N. Gordon, a member of the Board of Trade, Sectionary

retary Evans Woolen of the Commercial Club, and Capt. C. A. Powers, a prominent Populist, offered ample halls, committee rooms and every convenience necessary, with whatever money is necessary for incidental expenses.

Robert Schilling, editor of the Milwaukee Advance, put forward the claims of his city. At this point in the proceedings Sen-Butler moved that the hearing of the remainder of the delegations be postponed until to-morrow morning, to enable the committee to resume its executive session and decide on the matter of representation to the national convention and the time of

The committee, composed of Ignatius Don-nelly, General Weaver and Senator Butler. to which had been referred the matter of representation, reported the following resoon, which was unanimously adopted: "Resolved, That this committee shall now proceed to perform the duty delegated to second national convention of the People's party of the United States, to place in nomi-nation candidates for President and Vice President, on a platform to be adopted by

"Whereas this committee believes that in the midst of the dreadful conditions which now oppress the people of this Nationcrushing industry, bankrupting commerce impoverishing agriculture and concentrating the lands and homes of the people in the hands of a few—it is the duty of all honest men, without regard of past party or condias, to unite and rescue civilization from the greatest danger that has ever threat-

"Therefore, we instruct the executive committee of this committee to urge upon all men and organizations desiring financial reform, but who are not ready to becom members of our organization, to hold separate convention in the same city and at the same time that we shall fix upon, so that an honorable effort may be made by conference and consultation, without any sacrifice of principle, to unite all friends of financial reform in support of the same can-didate for President and Vice President." The apportionment of the convention is ased as follows: Each State is entitled to one delegate for each two thousand votes or majority fraction thereof cast for Populist candidates in 1892, 1894 or 1896, the highest vote cast controlling, and each Territory four votes. A special committee was appointed to proceed to Washington on Jan. 22 to confer with the Bimetallic League as to the advisability of holding a national committee at same time and place decided upon by the Populists. The com-mittee adjourned at midnight to meet to-

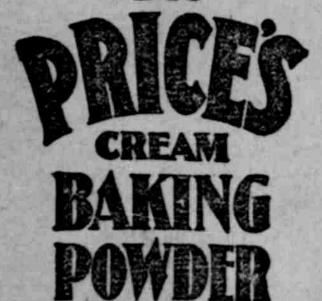
OHIO CANDIDATE.

Senator Thurston Eulogizes William McKinley, Protection's Apostle. CINCINNATI, Jan. 17.-The Commercial Gazette will to-morrow publish a plea for McKinley as the fittest man for the Republican nomination for President in its series of articles on this subject. It was written by Senator John M. Thurston. It as a very eloquent document. In the outset It says: "The vital question before the Republicans is not who can lead the party to victory. Whoever may be nominated will be elected. The real living question is: Who can best meet the requirements of the present and prospective national situation and best insure such an administration as will guarantee the permanent prosperity of the United States. That man should be a man of uncompromising convictions; one who has consistently advocated sound principles. at all times and in all places; a man whom defeat and adversity have been powerless to cast down; a man about whose character and principles there will be no guess work among the people. The time is not opportune for any State's favorite son. He must be in the highest sense a son of all the States; the best known and universally acknowledged as the leading exponent 'of the great and universally aknowledged issue which the Republican party tenders to the country, and that issue is protection to American industries. The opening of the factories is the great desideratum. The questions of money and finance are secondary matters in comparison. The Monroe loctrine will not be an issue inasmuch as all parties are one party in favor of its full enforcement. Any candidate whom the Republican party nominates will stand on a platform pledged to that character of bimetallism which guarantees equal pur-

Awarded Highest Honors-World's Pair. ·DR:

There is one man whose qualities pre

sumably meet all these requirements; a man



MOST PERFECT MADE. A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

not of one idea, but of breadth and ver-satility of intellect and acquirmement that has enabled him to gather renown in every field of American achievement. And this man upon whose shield malice can find no POPULIST NATIONAL CONVENTION TO blemish and slander place no stain; this man whose whole life has been consecrated to his God, his country and his home; this man whose intense loyalty and devotion to American interests make him the leader for the supreme hour; this man of the peo-ple; this uncompromising friend of those who toll, a soldier, a statesmar, a patriot without fear and without reproach, our can-didate for the presidency of the United States, is William McKinley." The article then recites the history of McKinley as a soldier, and adds that "this is a good time for a soldier candidate. This country may soon be confronted with the gravest international complications.

Monroe dcotrine may never be accepted as international law except through force of BIG FLEET ALREADY THERE arms. The need of the next administration is a man who has been a successful soldier as well as statesman.' The article ends with a sketch of Mc-Kinley's career as a statesman, as the friend of labor, as the logical candidate of New England, as a man respected by men of all parties, without a personal enemy in

WAIL FROM BONIFACES.

the Nation, as a born leader and a magnifi-

cent example of well-rounded American

Chicago Hotel Keepers Don't Like the Convention Committee's Agreement. CHICAGO, Jan. 17.-Chicago hotel keepers do not seem to like the agreement made by the citizens' committee at Washington to the effect that no Chicago hotel will book any delegation for the convention within thirty days or before the national committee engages its quarters, and do not consider it binding on them. "We were not asked to give, nor did we give any such promise," said a prominent hotel manager to-day. "There are not above five hotels in Chicago which are liable to be selected by the national committee. Every other hotel in the city, knowing that there is no probability of being selected, will book every offer that is made. Delegations and individuals who may address communications to the few hotels within the limits of the national committee and who, if informed that they must wait until after the national committee makes its selections, will make application to some other house. No hotel can afford to run chances. The national committee is the one body that knows what it needs," he continued. "It is in a condition to en-gage its rooms immediately. It ought to send some one on to Chicago at once. It will have to do so or scramble with the

Compromise in Kentucky. FRANKFURT, Ky., Jan. 17.-John W large citles for the People's party. Mr. | Yerkes, of the Republican State central committee, was here to-day in conference with the leaders of both parties. Accordingtzations which will meet in Washington ly, this afternoon there was a meeting of Republican and Democratic leaders, in which the situation was discussed freely. It is said that the Republicans favored postponing voting for United States Senator until after Wilson's successor shall have been chosen, and that the Democrats admitted that their threats to remove five Republican Senators were retaliatory. It seems also that conciliatory measures were adopted and that revoltionary tactics will not be resorted to by either side. The effect is to postpone the election of United States Senator till after Feb. 4, and possibly to prevent the election of a Senator this year. A Senatorial Deadlock.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Jan. 17 .- The joint session of the Legislature to-day lasted but a few minutes, and but one ballot for United States Senator was taken. There was no material change in the position of the candidates. It is said the friendly relations heretofore existing between Messrs. Wellington and Goldsborough have become very much strained, and the probability of Wellington's vote going to Goldsborough in case Wellington cannot win is not so great as has been. It is thought that Jas. A. Carey will be brought as a candidate to-morrow or Monday. To-day's ballot re-

Republicans—Wellington, 30; Westcott, 15; Goldsborough, 22; Mullikin, 8; Dixon, 1; Mudd, 1. Democrats-Smith, 19; Page, 8; West, 1 "Horizontal Bill's" Chances Better. CHICAGO, Jan. 17.-The Post to-day says:

Prominent local Democratic politicians representing both the silver and anti-silver vention at Chicago has vastly improved the chances of Col. William R. Morrison as a presidential possibility, and makes him at once the most prominent among candidates. Already plans are being laid in Cook county to select a delegation fa-vorable to him, and unless a radical change in the local sentiment occurs Morrison will have the Illinois delegation instructed for him or not, just as he choose

Michigan Free Silverites.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 17 .- An executive committee of nine, representing all political parties, was appointed at to-day's session of the free-silver conference, who will carry on the work of organization and education. A dispatch was ordered sent to United States Senators Jones, Teller and Morgan, congratulating them on their fight "in the interest of the people and against plutoc-racy," and adding that, "regardless of party, Michigan is with you against bond issues, against the gold standard, and in favor of the constitutional money of the

Arkansas for McKinley. LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 17 .- The Republican central committee met here day and called a convention to meet in Little Rock March 3 to elect delegates to the national convention at St. Louis. It was decided to place a full State ticket in the field. A poll of the committeemen shows that they are unanimously for Mc-

Two Committeemen for Matthews. NEW YORK, Jan. 17 .- The World has polled the members of the Democratic national committee on presidential preferences, with the following result: For Cleveland and a third term, 8; opposed to a third term, 9; for Whitney, 4; for Morrison, of Illinois, 5; for Matthews, of Indiana, 2. For Vice President-Stevenson, 2.

A LAKE FOR BROOKSIDE PARK.

A Partial Remedy for Pogue's Run Overflow Proposed.

A number of citizens of the northeast part of the city who suffered by the overflow of Pogue's run last summer think they have found a way to prevent another disaster of this kind. They came down to the office of the Board of Public Works yesterday with their plan and Mr. Austin immediatery fell in with it. The flood sufferers first want a ten-acre park constructed in the neighborhood of Brookside avenue. They say there is plenty of unoccupied ground near the old snoe factory which will make fine park land. Then they would have a lake inside the park and a staunch set of floodgates. Pogue's run would feed the lake and receive the water from the dam. It is maintained that the run could be converted into a sewer between the lake and Washington street and in times of high water the floodgates could be opened sufficiently to keep the lake from overflowing. The board instructed the city engineer to investigate the plans proposed.

Jumped Into the Ohio.

chasing and debt-paying power to every lollar authorized by the United States. CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 17.-Last midnight Mr. W. Arnold reported to the suspension bridge collector that a man had jumped from the bridge into the river. In the sulcide's hat which was left on the bridge were the initials W. G. B. Mrs. Joseph Mohler to-day found in her boarding house, this city, a note signed W. G. B., saying: "I have jumped from the river suspension bridge. Write to W. S. Allen, Dry Ridge, Grant county, Kentucky. He is a friend of mine. Life is not worth living. I seek death." W. G. Baker, a young dentist, a boarder with Mrs. Mohler, has disappeared.

He is believed to be the suicide. Arthur Declines to Meet Debs. CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 17.-Grand Chief P. M. Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, returned from the South last night and to-day wrote a letter declining to meet Eugene V. Debs in a debate before the Central Labor Union, as requested by the latter body. "In the first place, I am not acquainted with any of the members of the Central Labor Union, said Mr. Arthur, "and, secondly, I do not know of any questions affecting the Brotherhood of Locomotive Enginees that are necessary for me to discuss with Eugene V. Debs or any other nonunion member of the brotherhood."

If each little maid from school Would follow this golden rule: Use SOZODONT each day, Their fathers, at each year's end Would for presents have more to spend And less to the dentists pay.

RUMORS REGARDING GREAT BRIT-AIN'S FLYING SQUADRON.

It Is Said the Ships Are Bound for American Waters and Will Rendezvous at the Bermudas.

ENOUGH VESSELS TO OVERCOME THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

on Promise that They Will Proceed to England for Trial.

(Special Cable Letter.) LONDON, Jan. 18 .- Much interest has been excited here over rumors regarding cently commissioned at Portsmouth, when the Anglo-German war scare was at its height The vessels assembled at Spithead yesterday, and, it is reported, Rear Admiral Dale, in charge of the squadron, only being excepted who were guilty of in-received sealed instructions to sail for sulting their superiors, or of ill-treating their miral Dale, in charge of the squadron, Bantry bay, Ireland, and from there, it is inferiors, or of desertion. The rescript berumored, the fleet will speed across the Atlantic to join the big British squadron that now rendezvouses at the Bermudas. The flying squadron consists of the battle ship Revenge, flagship of Rear Admiral Alfred T. Dale, the battle ship Royal Oak, the first-class cruisers Gibraltar and Thesus, the second-class cruisers Charybdis and Hermoine and six first-class torpedolantic coast of the United States-twentyeight, counting the torpedo destroyersand is sufficiently large to show American "jingoes" that John Bull decree. would be no mean antagonist in The Daily News has a Berlin dispatch case of war. Brother Jonathan, however, need not feel alarmed, for even if the rumor that the distination of the fleet is the Bermudas should prove to be true, it is unlikely that either the big or little guns of the ships will be fired at anything protected by the stars and stripes. It is not thought, either, that Lord Salisbury intends to send this big fleet to Venezuela, for two or three good vessels would be sufficient to destroy any city in the republic. Besides, his Lordship would not dare to further anger the American people by attempting any coup in Venezuela like the Corinto affair, while arbitration of the boundary dispute is under

All the morning papers this morning pub lish the report that the flying squadron will go to Bermuda. No official confirmation of this report is probable. Rear Admiral Alfred T. Dale, in command of the squadron, will receive final and definite instructions when the completed squadron assembles at Berehaven. The Chronicle hears that certain unofficial advances have been made between Lordon and Washington with reference to Venezuela, but it is unable to confirm the report. "There is some interest," continues the Chronicle, "in a report that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's brother, Arthur Chamberlain, has started this week to visit Jamaica and Bermuda."

Would Be a Hostile Act if True. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17 .- The cable report from Portsmouth, England, from whence the Britsh flying squadron is about to sail, that wings of the party unhesitatingly declare its destination may be the Bermudas, canthat the location of the Democratic con- | not be confirmed in any official quarter here, and the report is taken with considerable allowance. No information on the subject has come to the departments or the British embassy. The British squadron already at and about the Bermudas consists of sixteen ships, namely, the Buzzard, Canada, Cordelia, Crescent, Magicienne, Mohawk, Partridge, Pelican, Tartar, Terror, Tourmaline, Urgent, Acorn, Barracouta, Beagle and Retribution. These are cruisers, some of them 7,000 tons displacement. Should the Portsmouth report prove true, it would increase the squadron to twenty-two ships, or twenty-eight, including the six torpedo catchers. It is doubted that Great Britain would send such a powerful fleet into American waters at this time, when their presence in force sufficient to overcome our North Atlantic squadron almost certainly would be regarded as a hostile demonstration, certainly not called for as long as diplomacy has not yet exhausted its resources in the settle ment of the differences between the United States and Great Britain. The Bermudas, lying between six and seven hundred miles off our coast, would afford an admirable base of operations against any point from Cape Cod down to Key West, and, while the islands are part of the British empire. the assemblage of a powerful fleet there could not be regarded with indifference by the United States government, unless its presence was explained satisfactorily.

MUST GO TO ENGLAND.

on and His Men Released by

the Transvaal Authorities. LONDON, Jan. 18.-The news from South Africa is reassurring. A dispatch from Pretoria, capital of Transvaal, says: "It is officially stated here that Dr. Jameson and the others who are in prison with him will be released unconditionally by the Transvaal government and that the Uitlanders, in due course of time, will be enabled to make their demands clearly understood. It is added, however, that the government | Tsin on the European model." and the Burghers will resist any form of foreign protection, either on the part of Great Britain or any other nation. They are firmly resolved to maintain the independence of the republic and the grievances of the people of the Rand will be settled when the excitement has abated. It is also stated to be quite untrue that President Kruger was aware of Dr. Jameson's intention to invade the Transvaal territory. On the contrary, the President, after having been told that he had crossed the border said: 'Don't tell me that Englishman would 40 that. Whatever may be said of them. make a cowardly, unprovoked attack upon us.' President Kruger readily accepted the assistance of Sir Hercules Robinson, the Governor of Cape Colony, in bringing about a settlement of the disturbances and they

A Cape Town dispatch to the Times says: "Dr. Jameson's men are now being handed over to a military escort at the Natal border. Each man signs a declaration promising to proceed to England as a prisoner, and not to raise any question respecting his legal custody en route, nor to actempt to escape." According to a special dispatch from Cape Town Mr. Cecil Rhodes, the former Premier of Cape Colony, was interviewed previous to sailing for England. He said: "I am no coward; I shall not resign my seat in Parliament, but shall meet my detractors. shall be satisfied if civil rights are granted to the Uitlanders. I intend to be present at the annual meeting of the chartered company in London, when I shall address the shareholders on recent events.'

parted cordially. The trial of the members of the reform committe of Johannesburg

who are now in custody will begin next

Hammond's Position Critical. SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 17 .- Gen. N. H. Harris, of this city, received a cable from E. A. Wiltze, date London, Jan. 17, which reads as follows: "Hammond in solitary confinement; position most critical. Others all right. Strong demand on United States government in his behalf necessary forthwith." It will appear that the South African republic has some special grievance against John Hammond, judging by this Senator Perkins telegraphed to-day from Washington to William Alvord: "Our gov-

erament is using every effort to protect

Hammond, Main and other Americans in

Johannesburg. I have submitted your telegram to Secretary Olney." Americans in No Danger. NEW YORK, Jan. 17 .- The World this morning publishes a dispatch from the Boer government information department, dated stand first in public favor. They are absolutely unrivaled for the alleviation of all Throat irritations caused by Cold or use of the voice.

"Americans are in no danger whatever. They have no need of protection, but are able to take care of themselves. Ten of them, who joined the revolutionary socalled reform committee, will, with a majority of most British subjects, be tried according to law, and justice will be done all without respect to nationality."

A SOCIALIST "SCOOP."

The Vorwaerts Ahead of Its Rivals-To-Day's Celebration in Germany. LONDON, Jan. 18.-The Times corre spondent at Berlin says: "It is a singular and significant prejude to to-morrow's celebration that the Vorwaertz has been able to forestall the publication of the Emperor's decree to commemorate the day by certain acts of elemency and remission of sentences in favor of members of the Prussian army. Twenty-five years ago socialism was regarded as a harmless eccentricity which Bismarck himself deemed it politic to encourage as a counterpoise to the recalcitrant middle classes. Then the Socialists failed to obtain one seat in the Reichstag; Dr. Jameson and His Men Released now they possess forty-seven. The revelation of this decree from the recesses of the ministry of war is a startling proof of its wide ramifications and its ubiquitous influence. The sullen roar of the Socialist torrent will be drowned to-morrow by the measured tramp of troops, the thunder of saluting batteries and the cheers of the crowds. But there are some in whose ears will still sound the shrill note of derision the destination of the flying squadron re- struck by the Vorwaerts on the eve of the national festival.' The Chronicle has a Berlin dispatch which says that the decree of amnesty as published by the Vorwaerts applies to offenders whose sentences do not exceed six weeks in prison or 150 marks fine, those

> The Vorwaerts says of this: "Presumably, therefore, pardon will be extended for civil offenses and to cases of conviction of lese A Berlin dispatch to the Standard says "All the German sovereigns will grant limited pardons to criminals on the occasion of the celebration of the anniversary of the proclamation of the empire. The Em-peror will confer many distinctions, including the Order of the Black Eagle, upon Baron Von Crainsheim, the Bavarian Premier. It is reported that some special distinction will be conferred upon Prince Von Bismarck. The War Minister has ordered an inquiry into the breach of secrecy by the Vorwaerts in publishing the Emperor's

tends also to pardon military offenders."

which says: "The public will be excluded from all share in the court fetes, and even the representatives of the press will not be admitted. The people must be satisfied with the stiff, official accounts to be given n the Official Gazette. At the review in front of the opera house, the usual stand for spectators is prohibited." Prince Luitpold, Regent of Bavaria, has telegraphed his congratulations to Emperor William, alluding to the unity of Germany in internal politics and her firm policy abroad. Emperor William replied, expressirg his hearty thanks for the message and the hope that the bond which has drawn together the German states and princes during twenty-five years would, with God's help, remain strong and unbroken in the

Mexico to Have a Navy. CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 17.-Competitions under the government auspices for entering the naval service will open at Vera Cruz and Mazatlan in January. The government is to begin the creation of a naval force and will purchase two ships appropriate for naval instruction, stationing one in the Gulf of Mexico and the other in the Pacific. Boys will be trained for sailors, marines and pilots. The regular floating naval school, thoroughly equipped, will be established later on. The work of building up the navy will be carried on slowly. The Superior Artillery Board is giving much study to the question of smokeless powder. Rumors are current regarding the coming changes of great moment in the War Department, in order to place the men who are in sympathy with the new military programme.

No Grain Monopoly in Germany. BERLIN, Jan. 17 .- In the Reichstag today Prince Hohenlohe submitted the draft of a new civil code to complete the unification of German jurisprudence. On the resumption of the discusion of Count Von Kanitz's motion the Prussian Minister of Husbandry, Baron Von Hammerstein-Loxten, said that the attempt to establish fixed prices had been made repeatedly in most diverse times and had always had most serious consequences. In his opinion the adoption of Count Von Kanitz's motion for a government monopoly for the sale of grain would be a step towards socialism, The motion was finally rejected by a vote

Chile Not Preparing for War. LIMA, Peru, Jan. 17 .- The Chilean War Office, replying to inquiries on the subject, explains that the dispatch of a division of the Chilean army to occupy the passes of the Cordileras, bordering on the Argentine Republic, announced in these dispatches on Jan. 15, is due to the execution of the programme to divide the republic into military zones. It is thought to-day that the entrance of Senor Guerros into the Chilean Cabinet augurs well for the peaceful settlement of the boundary dispute between Chile and Argentina. Senor Guerros was formerly Chilean minister to the Argentine Republic.

M. Floquet Seriously III. PARIS, Jan. 17.-M. Floquet, formerly president of the Council of Ministers, who has been suffering from congestion of the lungs, is said to be dying. He was born in 1828, and was at one time editor of the Temps, and later of the Siecle. He was also assistant of the Mayor of Paris during the dent of the Chamber of Departments, Minister of the Interior and other important

Cable Notes. There is no confirmation of the rumor that Emperor William and Empress Augus-

ta will visit the Czarewitch in February, on French soil. A. Vienna dispatch to the London Chronicle says: "Charles Tinney, an American, will be the head of the first Chinese uni-versity about to be established at Tien-

ADVERSE TO DUNRAVEN.

Speculation as to the New York Yacht Club Committee's Report.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17 .- The World tomorrow morning will say: "It was learned late last night from a member of the New York Yacht Club who is in a position to know, that a copy of the report of the committee that has investigated Lord Dunthey are open and brave and would not raven's charges had been placed in the hands of Commodore Edward M. Brown yesterday. The Commodore, it is said, will call a meeting of the club, at which the report will be read to the members. The report covers about a hundred pages. While the decision is adverse to Lord Dunraven, it censures him only mildly for bringing the charges. This, it was said, will not be satisfactory to most of the members of the club, who feel very bitter against the Valkyrie's owner. There is small chance of the report being made public before at least another fortnight. The reason for the delay is that the committee wishes to have it published simul-taneously on both sides of the Atlantic Before the report is made public it will be submitted to the Royal Yacht Squadron for that organization's inspection and action. Mr. Iselin is due in London next Wednesday, and there is high authority for the statement that he will be the New York Yacht Club's representative in presenting the report to the Royal Yacht

> Music Free to Patriots. CHICAGO, Jan. 17 .- In order to bring bout a more general observance of Washington's birthday, the Union League Club announces to-day that, in co-operation with the express companies, it will furnish the words and music of "America." "Hail Co-lumbia," "Red, White and Blue" and "Star-spangled Banner" free to any organized ceiebration of the day anywhere in the United States. A free distribution of the songs for celebrations in Chicago has been conducted for a number of years by the club, and it is proposed to make this general.

The Way of It.

Kansas City Journal. Colonel Ingersoll's announcement that a certain church suits him doesn't necessarily mean that the Colonel is a Christian, but rather that he has found a church that isn't.

As a Simple Yet Effective Remedy For Throat Affections, Brown's Bronchial Troches

FORCIBLE ENUNCIATION OF, THE MONROE DOCTRINE PROPOSED.

Senator Davis's Resolution Adopted by the Committee on Foreign Relations After Due Deliberation.

AMERICA IS FOR AMERICANS

AND NO FOREIGN POWER MAY SEIZE OR BUY ANY TERRITORY.

Furthermore, the Resolution Declares, All Arbitration Agreements Must Be Submitted to Uncle Sam.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17 .- The resolution drawn by Senator Davis and adopted by the Senate committee on foreign relations today will prove to be a clear and strong enunciation of the Monroe doctrine when its text is made public. It is a more forceful declaration than any that has been introduced in Congress on this subject, and its terms are so explicit that they cannot be misunderstood. The maintenance of the Monroe doctrine, as set forth in the resolution, is held to be vital to the welfare of this country and the countries of the American continent. The doctrine, it is asserted, is now in force and has been in force ever since it was established by President Monroe. The resolution declares it to mean that the acquisition by purchase, aggression or otherwise of any territory on the American continent by a foreign power is an unfriendly act, and such acquisition will not be permitted by the United States.

touches on a new phase of the Venezuelan question-the report that England and Venezuela may reach an agreement, and that English money will settle the boundary pute. The resolution declares that in case the boundary disputes on the American continent between foreign governments and American governments are decided by arbitration, agreement, purchase, or in any manner whatever, the United States shall be the sole judge as to whether the Monroe dectrine has been violated in such arbitration or agreement. In fact, it means that arbitration or agreement between foreign governments and governments on the American continent as to boundary disputes cannot become binding or effective unless sanctioned by the United States, and that this government is satisfied that no part of the American continent has been ceded to a foreign power by such arbitration or agreement. This practically makes the United States the arbiter between foreign governments and those of the American continent in all boundary disputes. This portion of the resolution is considered most important and far-reaching in its effects. It caused misapprehension among some members of the committee, and it is claimed that it may lead to many entanglements. On the other hand, the supporters of the resolution say that leaves everything in the hands of the United States, where the final decision should be, and that the United States will interfere only when the Monroe doctrine has

The resolution is drawn with a view of covering every possible contingency that may arise in boundary disputes, or the acquisition, or the sale of territory by one foreign government to another on the American continent, or islands that are considered a part of the Western hemisphere.

Smalley's Views.

LONDON, Jan. 18 .- The New York cor respondent of the Times says: "The attempt to stereotype some new-fangled Mon roe doctrine into a statute or to define it by a resolution of Congress is not going to succeed without opposition. It begins to look as if it might fall altogether." The correspondent says that a strong minority in the Senate will be sufficient to insure its

DENIED BY SATOLLI. Has Not Tendered Pope Leo's

Services as Arbitrator. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17 .- Cardinal Satol has not tendered the services of Pope Leo as arbitrator in the Venezuelan controversy nor has the cardinal received up to this time any intimation that he will be called on to offer the services of the Pope in the capacity. This is the answer given at the residence of the cardinal in response to inquiries as to the report in the London Chronicle that the Pope had taken this step through the American delegates. There had been no communication, official or otherwise, it is stated, between Rome and the delegation on this subject. It is pointed out that Cardinal Satolli's functions are of a clerical and not of an official character. About a year ago the Pope tendered his services as was expressed that there was no prospect that papal mediation would be accepted. No further steps have been taken so far

as known here. In other official quarters no information can be obtained respecting the reported in-tervention of the Pope in order to bring about a peaceful settlement of the boundary dispute, but it is learned on excellent au-thority that matters are proceeding on lines that, it is believed, will result in amicable adjustment, though, as stated in yester-day's dispatches, no intelligence as to the channel or precise mode by which this is to be brought about can yet be secured.

FEARS OF VENEZUELANS.

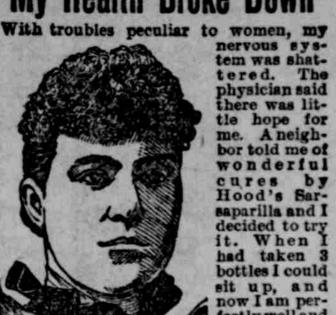
British War Preparations May Be Directed Against the Republic. NEW YORK, Jan. 18 .- A dispatch to the World from Caracas, Venezuela, says: The recent war preparations in England were not made in anticipation of a conflict with Germany, a Paris cable dispatch reports, but to conceal designs on Venezuela. This news has made a great stir here. But another cable dispatch says the belief is general that the Guiana boundary will be settled by arbitration. Still another cablegram from Paris declares that Lord Salisbury's position on the Venezuelan question is unchanged, despite President Cleveland's

The war feeling is still alive. The Freemasons formally offer themselves to the government to fight for Guiana. Vice President Geuillet, of the Society for the De-fense of the Venezuelan Territory, has issued a strong circular calling the attention

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had taken 3 bottles I could sit up, and now I am per-Hood's Sarsaparilla

of the government to England's attitude on the frontier. The circular, speaking in the name of the people, asks for the liberation of political prisoners and for an armed force immediately to arrest the invaders.

Jose Antonio Olivaria, brother-in-law of ex-Finance Minister Mates, has been re-leased from prison, though ball for his appearance when wanted was required. He was arrested two months ago, charged with complicity in a revolutionary plot.

The Diario de Caracas, a semi-official organ, complains that the other newspapers here give no editorial opinion upon the gravity of the situation and upon the measures the government should adopt. It says they content themselves with repro the views of American papers, and it urges them to express their own views.

has done all this for me." Mrs. C. F.

Hood's Pills act harmoniously with

FADERER, La Platta City, Colorado,

The Assertion Reiterated.

LONDON, Jan. 18 .- The Rome correspondent of the Chronicle says that the Osservatore Romano, the official Vaticen organ, confirms the report published by the Chronicle yesterday that the Pope had in-structed Cardinal Satolli to offer President Cleveland the good offices of the Pope in settling the Venezuelan dispute, and had also instructed Cardinal Vaughan to make the same approach to the English government. The correspondent suggests that England would do well to accept the offer, the Pope being a natural arbiter of international conflicts. The most important feature is that which

The Boundary Commission. WASHINGTON, Jan. 17 .- Owing to Mr. Justice Brewer's engagements on the Supreme Bench the Venezuelan commission has not been able to make much progress since its adjournment last Saturday. Arrangements have been made, however, for a meeting in temporary quarters. The meeting probably will be held to-morrow. One of the matters expected to be settled at this meeting is the election of a secretary. Mr. Severo Mallet Prevost, of New York, will probably be selected. He stands well at the New York bar, and has an international practice. He is a fine lin-guist, and especially familiar with the Spanish language. Recently he gained the favor of Secretary Olney and others by his successful prosecution of the celebrated case of Peralta Reavis, involving the title to 13,000,000 acres of land in New Mexico.

A New York Story Denied. LONDON, Jan. 17 .- Reuter's Telegram Company announces this evening that after having investigated the matter it is in a position to state definitely that there is no truth in the story which reached here from Caracas, via New York, that another British expedition, with two cannon, has left Georgetown, British Guiana, for Cuyuni staion, on the Guiana frontier. The statement s reiterated that the small police force on the frontier has not even been reinforced, and that no steps have been taken to send troops to the frontier and no such steps are

Commendation and Censure. COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 17.-In the Legislature, to-day, a resolution indorsing Cleveland's Venezuelan message was introduced, but went over for further consideration. Mr. Magill offered an amendment to it, adding these words: "But his prostitution of Democracy, as evidenced in his message is condemned without measure." This is condemned without measure." This probably really had reference to the bond message. Mr. Williams offered the following as a further amendment: "That we are willing to defend the Monroe doctrine with

our lives and property, if necessary.' SQUEEZED OUT BY TALMAGE.

Rev. Adolos Allen Requested to Resign His Washington Pastorate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17 .- The disagreement between the copastors of the First Presbyterian Church-Rev. Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage and Rev. Adolos Allen-has been settled by the church session calling for Mr. Allen's resignation. The church will honor the recent contract for Mr. Allen's services up to Oct. 1 next, but in order to avoid future complications he has been asked to tender his resignation as early as practicable. The committee appointed by the Washington Presbytery last Monday to adjust the difficulty has been called to receive formal notification of the action, and doubtless will receive Mr. Allen's assurance that the arrangement is satisfactory to him. The trouble grew out of a plan to have Dr. Talmage preach Sunday mornings as well as evenings, to which his colleague objected. Dr. Talmage now will hold forth twice on Sunday.

Suicide of Anna Roysters. OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 17.-Anna Roysters. arbitrator, a special delegate being sent to London for the purpose. At that time Lord Rosebery, the Premier, declined to accept arbitration. This was accepted as night, at the Midland Hotel. The girl had final by his Holiness, and in a communica-tion from Rome to President Crespo regret not care to live, since her father had killed her lover, and then covered her face with a handkerchief saturated with chloroform. McFarland was accused of ruining her.

AT JUST HALF THE CORDOVA'S PRICES, IS GOING WITH A RUSH AT THE

Open until 10:30

AMUSEMENTS.

ENGLISH'S — TO-NIGHT Last appearance of the DAMROSCH

OPERA COMPANY. "Die Meistersinger"

Emil Fischer as "Hans Sachs," and a great cast, indartens and others. PRICES: From \$1 to \$4. Admission down stairs, SPECIAL NOTICE-Mr. Damrosch's recital lecture on "Die Meisters nger," at the Propylæum, 2 o'clock, this afternoon. Admission, 50c.

GRAND-MONDAY

Tuesday and Popular Wed. Matinee, LEWIS MORRISON, Supported by Florence Roberts as "Marguerite," Ed-ward Elsner as "Faust," and White Whittlesey as "Valentine," in his famous Dramatic, Scenic and Elec-tric Production of

... FAUST ... A performance celebrated throughout the entire Eng-Wednesday night-only time-"FURICE'S LOVE PRICES-Night: Orchestra and side hoxes, 51: die

PARK-Prices-10e, 20c, 30c,

This Afternoon and To-Night

Howard Atheneum Star Specialty Co. All High-class Vaudeville Novelties. 9-GREAT ACTS-9

Everybody goes to the Park. Seats at the Pembroka Monday-"Harry Morris's 20th Century Maids.

ONE WEEK

MISS AGNES CHARCOT, CHARLEY HUME and MAY BOHEE THE GREAT JUDGES

PLYMOUTH INSTITUTE LECTURE COURSE. Plymouth Church, Indianapolis, Saturday, Jan. 25—"LITERATURE AS A PER-SONAL RESOURCE," Mr. Hamilton Wright Mable, Tuesday, Feb. 4—"THE COSMIC ROOTS OF LOVE Wednesday, Feb. 5- THE EVERLASTING REAL-ITY OF RELIGION." Mr. John Fiske. Saturday, Feb. 8-"OLD AND NEW WAYS OF TREATING HISTORY." Mr. John Fiske. Thursday, Feb. 27-"THE SETTLEMENT IDEA." Miss Jane Addams.

Course Tickets, \$1. Single Tickets, 5 c. Season tickets on sale at D. H. Baidwin & Co.'s, beginning Friday, Jan. 17, and continuing Saturday and A Blacksmith. The Dr. J. H. McLean Medicine Co., ST. LOUIS, MO. GENTLEMEN: About three years ago, while work-

in my back and general weakness, and was compelled to quit work. I was treated by several different doctors, who filled me full of drugs and medicines. but without benefit. I had begun to get discouraged when I received one of your almanacs and read of a case in it that was similar to mine, cured through the use of

DR. J. H. MCLEAN'S LIVER AND KIDNEY BALM.

I concluded to try it. The result was entirely satisfactory, as I began to improve immediately. I used, in all, three bottles, and was able to go to work once more, and ever since have enjoyed the best of health. I would be doing less than my duty if I failed to give you these facts, so that others may hear of the wonderful powers of your Liver and Kidney Balm.

Yours truly, H. J. BRECHT. GEDAR GROVE. WIS.

ing at my trade as blacksmith, I was taken down

with Kidney Disease. I suffered severely with pain



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